Villawood Town Centre Development Control Plan 2020

An assessment of the Villawood Town Centre Development Control Plan 2020 is provided below

Clause	Control	Proposed	Compliance
4.1 Building	1. The ground floor level of the	Retail premises, community	Yes
Use	development shall comprise a component of retail or commercial floor space that engages with the public realm. Some locations can benefit from multiple public addresses and where practicable they should be encouraged.	facility, medical centre, health services facility are located on the ground floor.	
	2. Where residential floor space is included in the development, it is to be provided above ground level for development fronting Kamira Court, Hilwa Street and Villawood Place which will active the street frontages and retail sector in the Town Centre.	The development fronts Kamira Court to the east and there are no residential properties proposed on the ground floor.	Yes
	3. Ground floor retail and commercial development and activated streets frontages are permitted on the north eastern portion of 2 Kamira Avenue, Villawood, addressing Villawood Road, Kamira Court and internal pedestrian thoroughfares, which form part of the NSW Land and Housing Corporation site.	Ground Floor retail and commercial development address these frontages. Notwithstanding, it is considered that insufficient activation is provided along Villawood Road.	No
4.2 Building Height	1. The maximum building height must be in accordance with the provisions of the Fairfield LEP.	No – north western section of building (parapet) encroaches 27m building height by 1.8m.	No
	2. The maximum height of building in storeys and building envelope is shown in Figure 4.	The proposed built form is considered to be generally consistent with Figure 4.	Yes
4.3 Floor Space Ratio	The site has a maximum floor space ratio of 2.5:1	The development proposes a maximum FSR of 2.36:1.	Yes
4.5 Building Depth	a) East-west facing apartments shall have a maximum depth of	Complies with ADG requirements	Yes

	18 metres from glass line to glass line.		
	b) North-south facing apartments shall apply a maximum depth of 12-18 metres from glass line to glass line in.		
	c) Calculation of building depth is to include the internal floor plate, external walls, balconies and external circulation and articulation such as steps in plan and section.		
	d) Any variation from the controls above must be consistent with the Apartment Design Guidelines.		
4.6 Building Setbacks	Villamood Rd 8 7 7 5 3 3 11 5	The proposed setbacks comply.	Yes
	South: SEPP 65		
	East: enough to permit road widening of Kamira Court		
	West: 3m and then 6m from 4 th level		
	North: Zero		
4.7.3 Development	Residential Precinct		
Controls	Development Controls		
(Residential zone precinct)	A new public open space with a minimum area of	The Application propose public open space as part of the VPA.	Yes
,	3,000m2 is to be provided adjacent to Kamira Avenue. A long frontage on Kamira Avenue, is proposed to reduce the park depth to enhance the safety and surveillance	2000m2 of the park forms part of the subject application. The remainder forms part of the Stage 1 DA which has been approved by the Panel.	
	throughout the entire precinct.		Yes
	2. The new public open space must connect civic areas and	The new public open space is located on the western portion of the site and adjoins ground floor	

	nedestrian areas to dayolar a	residential units to the north the	
	pedestrian areas to develop a unique sense of place, the potential plaza spaces to attract people. 3. The new public open space is required to be connected to the town centre via an internal open air pedestrian link that aligns with the east west pedestrian link provided for in the Villawood Town Centre Structure Plan	residential units to the north, the future pedestrian link to the and the Stage 1 development to the south. The public park is of a triangular shape and is bounded by pedestrian access routes on each side for connectivity. East-west and north-south pedestrian links proposed as part of the application to provide pedestrian access throughout the site.	Yes
	4. Extend Hilwa Park southwards along Kamira Avenue (subject to land acquisition by Council)	Land acquisition and extension of Hilwa Park has occurred.	Yes
4.8.4 Development Controls (Residential zone precinct)	1. A new road extension of Koonoona Avenue and Howatt Street, towards the south of the Town Centre will improve vehicular circulation which will reinforce the urban grid of the Centre.	The provision of the road is subject of the VPA.	No
	2. Car parking is to be provided in an underground basement, or where appropriate, sleeved with active uses to main street frontages.	Car parking is proposed in a 3 storey podium arrangement which results in urban design and amenity issues	No
	3. Sleeved car parking at ground level or above ground level must be architecturally designed and meet design excellence controls outlined within Fairfield LEP 2013.	Two levels of above ground car parking is proposed in the application which is considered to be excessive and not consistent with modern, high quality residential developments recently approved within the Villawood Town Centre. Furthermore, the 2 levels of parking results in bulkier and monolithic building appearance and loss of opportunity for ground level street activation. It is not considered that the proposed arrangement meets the design excellence controls outlined within Fairfield LEP 2013.	No
4.9 Pedestrian Access	4. Incorporate pedestrian links to connect the Open Space of Hilwa Park to Woodville Road.	Pedestrian links provided as part of the development.	Yes

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4.11 Facades	 The apartment layout must be expressed externally through facade features such as party walls and floor slabs; Floors elements such as balconies and windows must be grouped together on gateway sites that achieve design excellence; Building entries must be clearly defined at street level; Important corners must be given visual prominence through a change in articulation, materials or colour, roof expression or changes in height. Large flat blank façades of a new development must provide finishes or artwork that provides visual interest to the observer. 	Council's consultant Architect has considered the proposal and concluded that the façade of the proposal is appropriate except the areas where the above ground parking are proposed.	No
4.12 Building Materials	1. All development applications for new buildings or extensions must be accompanied by details of the materials to be used on external walls; 2. To minimise reflective discomfort from glare and heat, external glass is not to exceed 20% reflectivity in accordance	Compliant Can be conditioned	Yes
4.13 Streetscape and Building Design	with Australian Standard 1288. 1. Where proposed, active frontages in the form of neighbourhood shops, or community facilities or other non-residential uses are to be provided to address Kamira Court and be collocated with the east west pedestrian link proposed to connect Villawood Place and Kamira Court; 3. Where non-residential uses are proposed at ground level, continuous awnings are to be provided; and 4. Awnings should be parallel to	Ground floor uses are proposed that address the pedestrian links and Kamira Court. Awnings are provided and are of	Yes
	the pavement and be of metal construction.	metal construction.	

4.14 Active	1. Actives street frontages are	Pedestrian links provided.	Yes
Street	required to be consistent with	redestrian links provided.	res
Street Frontages	required to be consistent with Figure 7 below 2. Where a redevelopment proposes a supermarket, larger scale retail or medical development that cannot achieve the required the active frontage identified in Figure 6, the active street frontage component must address Villawood Place. The treatment of the other facades and frontages must be designed to a high standard, and to accommodate landscaping and or public domain improvements. 3. Any proposed commercial shops on LAHC site at 2 Kamira Avenue, Villawood, will need to be suitably managed to ensure activation of the adjacent public realm and minimise potential blank walls facing public spaces. Should a supermarket be proposed, the design must allow access to residents from the retail plaza and ensure continued active street frontages	It is considered that the active edges on the ground level proposed along the pedestrian links and Kamira Court are appropriate. It is not considered that the active edge along Villawood Road is appropriate given the amount of vehicle crossing that are proposed.	No
4.15 Residential Mix	 Pedestrians must be able to identify the access points from the street or car parking area to the apartment entrances; Pathways and corridors within the Residential Flat Buildings must be well illuminated to incorporate directional signs that are easy to read. 	The ground floor lobbies are emphasised Can be conditioned	Yes
	3. A mix of one and three bedroom apartments on the ground floor to ensure it is easily accessible for elderly people or disabled people or families with children, 4. Where possible, ground floor apartments must be all provided with individual entries and private open space within the R4 High Density Residential zone. These	2 x 3 bedroom units are provided on the ground floor Provided	Yes

	apartments are encouraged to		
	appear as their own apartment		
	with their own street address.		
	5. All development application		Yes
	must include a statement with	Provided in submitted	
	reasons on how that	documentation.	
	development complies with the		
	provisions within the Disability		
	Discrimination Act and the		
4.16 Awnings	Australian Standards AS1428. 4. The Height of an awning is	awning design is in accordance	Yes
4.10 Awillings	no less than 2.7m high at any	with the DCP.	163
	point measured above ground	with the Berr	
	level (existing) and should not		
	exceed 3.5m in height above		
	the footpath.		
	ino rootpatri.		
	6. The awning width should not		
	be greater than the average		
	vertical width of the		
	immediately adjoining awning		
	fascia's or, if there are no		
	adjoining awning fascias,		
	350mm.		
	7. The awning is required to		
	cover as much of the footpath		
	as possible and must be 600mm from the kerb line to		
	permit street tree planting.		
4.17 Private	a) Where a mixed use	POS complies with ADG	Yes
Open Space	development proposes	requirements	
	residential apartment, buildings		
	should be designed in		
	accordance with the provisions of Part 4E – Private open space		
	and balconies of the Apartment		
	Design Guide.		
4.18	1. Communal open space with	Stage 2 Site Area: 10,958m2	No,
Communal	an area equivalent to 30% of	Total provided 0744 : 0	however,
Open Space	the site area or 200 square	Total provided = 2744m2	complies with ADGs
	metres (whichever is the	Therefore 25% is provided within	WILLI ADGS
	greater) must be provided on	the buildings. This is increased if	
	the podium level in one	you include the proposed Park as	
	contiguous area in all	part of the VPA.	
	residential developments.	'	
	2. Communal open space		
	dimensions and siting of the		
	required communal open space		
	area:		
	i. 50% must be provided in the		
	form of a primary communal		
	courtyard on the podium of a		
	,		

	minimum dimension of 0		
	minimum dimension of 8		
	metres or greater exposed to		
	no less than 3 hours direct		
	sunlight between 9am and 3pm		
	on 21 June. Where the primary		
	communal courtyard cannot		
	achieve the direct sunlight		
	requirements, a secondary		
	communal open space area on		
	the rooftop with a dimension of		
	8 metres must be provided.		
	ii FOO/ of the remaining		
	ii. 50% of the remaining communal open space must		
	have a minimum dimension of 3		
	metres.		
4.19	A landscape maintenance	Council's Tree Preservation	No
Landscaping	plan is to be submitted by the	Officer assessed the application	
	applicant with a Development	and does not raise any concerns	
	Application.	with the proposed landscaping.	
	''		
	2. High quality landscape		
	treatments to be provided that		
	establish a cohesively		
	landscape,		
	enhancement of existing plaza		
	spaces.		
	3. A landscape plan with a		
	detailed planting list including		
	species, number and location is		
	to be		
	provided to with a Development		
	Application.		
	4. Landscaped communal open		
	space must be provided at		
	podium or roof levels.		
	E lies of andomic notive trace		
	5. Use of endemic native trees		
	and other vegetation is		
	required, to reduce heat island		
	effects of		
	new development.		
	6. Green walls and green roofs		
	are highly encouraged along		
	with supporting watering		
	maintan an as sustants		
5.4.1	maintenance systems. It is noted that the NSW Land	Council's Development Engineers	Yes
Residential		Council's Development Engineers have assessed the application and	162
Precinct	and Housing site is currently an	have accessed the application and	
	1		

	entirely vacant after historically housing 111 social housing apartments. Drainage for the site should be considered in a holistic manner so that it recognises the previous development history, however, its redevelopment does not affect the drainage or overland flood affectation on the remainder of the town centre or adjoining areas.	raised no concerns, subject to conditions of consent.	
5.8 Waste Management and Storage	1. Ventilation stacks to be utilised wherever possible to ventilate the basement and retail areas not serviced with window ventilation. 2. A laundry is to be provided to each residential unit and shall be located so as to not adversely affect the presentation of the building to the public domain. 3. Opportunity is to be provided to accommodate a removalist truck within the commercial vehicle servicing area to accommodate furniture removals for the residential component of the	Council's Waste Management Branch has assessed the application and raised concerns regarding the application.	
	development. The design is to ensure that there is a suitable path of travel from this area to the residential lifts and or stair wells. 4. Any service closets, fire hose cupboards, electricity base stations etc. required as part of any servicing arrangement or system must not be visible from a primary street. 5. Provision must be made for bin storage, including recycling bins, for each dwelling in private areas or basements. Waste containers must not be visible from common or public		

areas except when out for collection.

6. The waste management plan must provide details of the light and ventilation of the Waste

and recycling storage areas.

- 7. A circulation design must be provided detailing how bins can be to be manoeuvred between storage and collection points.
- 8. Temporary storage areas must be provided for the storage of bulk waste items.
- 9. A waste management Plan must be prepared and submitted with the development application.
- 10. All dwellings must have a waste and recycling cupboard or temporary storage area of

sufficient size to hold two days of waste and recycling.

11. Communal waste and recycling rooms must be located in convenient and accessible

locations related to each vertical core.

12. For mixed use developments, residential waste and recycling storage areas and access must

be separate and secure from other uses.

13. Each dwelling must have adequate storage space.